In 2016, Cuba engaged in nearly 300 initiatives (294), 90% of which were implemented under the bilateral modality. This figure is in sharp contrast with the number executed under the bilateral (7.1%) and triangular (2.7%) forms. In virtually 65% of the cases, Cuba acted mainly as provider. On the other hand, it participated in 28.2% of the 294 initiatives as recipient.

Although Cuba engaged with many countries within and outside the region, its two main partners were Argentina and Mexico. As would be expected, Cuba focused on transferring skills in Social sector where it commands proven expertise, primarily Education, Health and Social Policies. As for the cooperation received, worthy of note were the exchanges geared towards the Economic sectors, in particular, Agriculture and Industry. Overall, these exchanges made it easier for Cuba to align its SSC with SDG 2 (Zero Hunger), 3 (Good Health) and 4 (Quality Education).