Almost 60% of the 88 South-South Cooperation actions, projects and programs implemented by Panama in 2016 took place within a regional framework. 28.7% of the other initiatives were executed under a bilateral modality and 12.6% through triangulations. The country acted mainly as recipient, i.e. 40% of the initiatives implemented. Panama only acted occasionally as provider in 6 exchanges that were mostly bilateral.

Culture was the most important sector in terms of capacities transferred by Panama as provider. Meanwhile, the cooperation received enabled the country to strengthen Agriculture, Health and Strengthening of institutions and public policies. Its main partners included Mexico and Chile. As a result of these exchanges, Panama’s SSC tended to be aligned with SDG 2 (Zero Hunger), SDG 3 (Good Health and Well-being) and SDG 16 (Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions).